



Box PG-PUB Attorn y D cket No. 05725.0408-01 Application No.: 09/832,878

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## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In Re Application of:	
Roland DE LA METTRIE et al.	) Group Art Unit: 1751
Application No.: 09/832,878	) Examiner: <i>Not yet assigned</i>
Filed: April 12, 2001	
For: OXIDIZING COMPOSITION AND USES FOR DYEING, FOR PERMANENTLY RESHAPING OR FOR BLEACHING KERATIN FIBRES	
	RECEIVE
Assistant Commissioner for Batanta	<u>.</u> .

Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

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## REQUEST FOR CORRECTED PATENT APPLICATION PUBLICATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.221(b)

On January 17, 2002, the Office published the above-identified application No. 09/319,199 as Publication No. US-2002/0004959-A1. The published application contain mistakes that are the fault of the Office and may be material. Attached hereto is a copy of each relevant page of the originally filed application and a marked-up copy of the corresponding page of the published application containing the mistakes.

A mistake is material when it affects the public's ability to appreciate the technical disclosure of the patent application publication or determine the scope of the provisional rights that an applicant may seek to enforce upon issuance of a patent. See C.F.R. § 1.221(b).

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## Attorney Dock t No. 05725.0408-01 Application No.: 09/832,878

The mistakes, which are indicated in red ink on the relevant pages of the marked-up copy of the published application attached hereto, are as follows:

- 1. In paragraph 92, in the eleventh line, the published application recites N,N,-bis(P-hydroxyethyl)-2-methylaniline. However, the originally filed application recites N,N,-bis(ß-hydroxyethyl)-2-methylaniline. The error is that the published application recites "P" rather than "ß." This mistake, therefore, results in the disclosure of an erroneous compound. Thus, this mistake may be material as it may affect the public's ability to appreciate the technical disclosure of the patent application publication. For at least this reason, this mistake may be material and accordingly should be corrected.
- 2. In paragraph 132, the published application recites 2,5-dimethylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidimine-3,7-diamine. The application as originally filed recites 2,5-dimethylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-3,7-diamine. The error is the recitation of "pyrimidimine" instead of "pyrimidine." This mistake, therefore, results in the disclosure of an erroneous compound. Thus, this mistake may be material as it may affect the public's ability to appreciate the technical disclosure of the patent application publication. For at least this reason, this mistake may be material and accordingly should be corrected.
- 3. In paragraph 158, the published application recites a-naphthol, whereas the originally filed application recites α-naphthol. This mistake, therefore, results in the disclosure of an erroneous compound. Thus, this

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mistake may be material as it may affect the public's ability to appreciate the technical disclosure of the patent application publication. For at least this reason, this mistake may be material and accordingly should be corrected.

For at least the foregoing reasons, Applicants request that the Office correct the mistakes identified above for which the Office is at fault in the published application, and forward to Applicants a copy of the corrected published application or at least a notification of the occurrence or predicted occurrence of the corrected publication once it has been corrected.

Applicants believe that no Petition or fee is due in connection with this Request. However, if any Petition or fee is due, please grant the Petition and charge the fee to our Deposit Account No. 06-0916.

Respectfully submitted,

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

By:

Charles E. Van Horn

Registration No. 40,266

Date: <u>March 18, 2002</u>

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(V)

poly-hydroxyalkyl radical, a  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkoxy $(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl radical or a  $C_1-C_4$  alkyl radical substituted with a nitrogenous group;

[0089] R<sub>3</sub> represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom such as a chlorine, bromine, iodine or fluorine atom, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl radical, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> monohydroxyalkyl radical, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydroxyalkoxy radical, an acetylamino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy radical, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> mesylamino-alkoxy radical or a carbamoylamino(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy radical,

[0090]  $R_4$  represents a hydrogen or halogen atom or a  $C_4$ - $C_4$  alkyl radical.

[0091] Among the nitrogenous groups of formula (IV) above, mention may be made in particular of amino,  $mono(C_1-C_4)$ alkylamino,  $di(C_1-C_4)$ alkylamino,  $tri(C_1-C_4)$ alkylamino,  $tri(C_1-C_4)$ alkylamino, imidazolinium and ammonium radicals.

[0092] Among the para-phenylenediamines of formula (IV) above, mention may be made more particularly of para-phenylenediamine, para-toluylenediamine, 2-chloropara-phenylenediamine, 2,3-dimethyl-para-phenylene-diamine, 2,6-dimethyl-para-phenylenediamine, 2,6-diethylpara-phenylenediamine, 2,5-dimethyl-paraphenylenediamine, N,N-dimethyl-para-phenylenediamine, N,N-diethyl-para-phenylenediamine, N,N-dipropyl-paraphenylenediamine, 4-amino-N,N-diethyl-3-methylaniline, N,N-bis(8-hydroxyethyl)-para-phenylenediamine, 4-amino-N,N-bit(P-hydroxyethyl)-2-methylaniline, 4-amino-2-chloro-N,N-bis( $\beta$ -hydroxyethyl)aniline, 2- $\beta$ -hydroxyethylpara-phenylenediamine, 2-fluoro-para-phenylene-diamine, 2-isopropyl-para-phenylenediamine, N-(β-hydroxypropyl)para-phenylenediamine, 2-hydroxy-methyl-para-phenylenediamine, N,N-dimethyl-3-methyl-para-phenylenediamine, N,N-(ethyl-β-hydroxyethyl)-para-phenylenediamine, N-(β, γ-dihydroxypropyl) -para-phenylenediamine, N-(4'-aminophenyl)-para-phenylene-diamine, N-phenyl-para-phenylenediamine. 2-β-hydroxy-ethyloxy-paraphenylenediamine, 2-β-acetylamino-ethyloxy-paraphenylenediamine and N-(β-methoxyethyl)-paraphenylenediamine, and the addition salts thereof with an

[0093] Among the para-phenylenediamines of formula (IV) above, para-phenylenediamine, para-toluylene-diamine, 2-isopropyl-para-phenylenediamine, 2- $\beta$ -hydroxy-ethyl-para-phenylenediamine, 2- $\beta$ -hydroxy-ethyl-para-phenylenediamine, 2,6-dimethyl-para-phenylenediamine, 2,6-diethyl-para-phenylenediamine, 2,3-dimethyl-para-phenylenediamine, N,N-bis( $\beta$ -hydroxy-ethyl)-para-phenylenediamine, 2-chloro-para-phenylene-diamine and 2- $\beta$ -acetylaminoethyloxy-para-phenylene-diamine and the addition salts thereof with an acid are most particularly preferred.

[0094] According to the invention, the term double bases is understood to refer to the compounds containing at least two aromatic rings bearing amino and/or hydroxyl groups.

[0095] Among the double bases which can be used as oxidation bases in the dye compositions in accordance with the invention, mention may be made in particular of the compounds corresponding to formula (V) below, and the addition salts thereof with an acid:

[0096] in which

[0097] Z<sub>1</sub> and Z<sub>2</sub>, which may be identical or different, represent a hydroxyl or —NH<sub>2</sub> radical which may be substituted with a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl radical or with a linker arm Y;

[0098] the linker arm Y represents a linear or branched alkylene chain containing from 1 to 14 carbon atoms, which may be interrupted by or terminated with one or more nitrogenous groups and/or one or more hetero atoms such as oxygen, sulphur or nitrogen atoms, and optionally substituted with one or more hydroxyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy radicals;

[0099] R<sub>s</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> represent a hydrogen or halogen atom, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl radical, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> monohydroxyalkyl radical, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> polyhydroxyalkyl radical, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> aminoalkyl radical or a linker arm Y;

[0100] R<sub>7</sub>, R<sub>8</sub>, R<sub>9</sub>, R<sub>10</sub>, R<sub>11</sub> and R<sub>12</sub>, which may be identical or different, represent a hydrogen atom, a linker arm Y or a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl radical;

[0101] it being understood that the compounds of formula (V) contain only one linker arm Y per molecule.

[0102] Among the nitrogenous groups of formula (V) above, mention may be made in particular of amino, mono  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkylamino,  $di(C_1-C_4)$ alkylamino,  $tri(C_1-C_4)$ alkylamino, monohydroxy $(C_1-C_4)$ alkylamino, imidazolinium and ammonium radicals.

[0103] Among the double bases of formula (V) above, mention may be made more particularly of N,N'-bis(β-hydroxyethyl)-N,N'-bis(4'-aminophenyl)-1,3-diaminopropanol, N,N'-bis(β-hydroxyethyl)-N,N'-bis(4'-amino-phenyl)-ethylenediamine, N,N'-bis(4-aminophenyl)-tetramethylenediamine, N,N'-bis(β-hydroxyethyl)-N,N'-bis(4-aminophenyl)tetramethylenediamine, N,N'-bis(4-methylaminophenyl)tetramethylenediamine, N,N'-bis(4-methyl-nodiamine, N,N'-bis(4-amino-3'-methylphenyl)ethylenediamine and 1,8-bis(2,5-diaminophenoxy)-3,5-dioxaoctane, and the addition salts thereof with an acid.

[0104] Among these double bases of formula (V), N,N'-bis(\(\beta\)-hydroxyethyl)-N,N'-bis(4'-aminophenyl)-1,3-di-aminopropanol and 1,8-bis(2,5-diaminophenoxy)-3,5-dioxaoctane, or one of the addition salts thereof with an acid, are particularly preferred.

[0105] Among the para-aminophenols which can be used as oxidation bases in the dye compositions in accordance with the invention, mention may be made in particular of the

[0120] i is equal to 0, 1, 2 or 3;

[0121] p is equal to 0 or 1;

[0122] q is equal to 0 or 1;

[0123] n is equal to 0 or 1;

[0124] with the proviso that:

[0125] the sum p+q is other than 0;

[0126] when p+q is equal to 2, then n is equal to 0 and the groups NR<sub>15</sub>R<sub>16</sub> and NR<sub>17</sub>R<sub>18</sub> occupy the (2,3); (5,6);

[0127] (6,7); (3,5) or (3,7) positions;

[0128] when p +q is equal to 1, then n is equal to 1 and the group  $NR_{15}R_{16}$  (or  $NR_{17}R_{18}$ ) and the OH group occupy the (2,3); (5,6); (6,7); (3,5) or (3,7) positions.

[0129] When the pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidines of formula (VII) above are such that they contain a hydroxyl group on one of the positions 2, 5 or 7  $\alpha$  to a nitrogen atom, a tautomeric equilibrium exists represented, for example, by the following scheme:

$$\bigcap_{OH}^{NR_{15}R_{16}} \longrightarrow \bigcap_{O}^{H} \bigcap_{N}^{NR_{15}R_{16}}$$

[0130] Among the pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidines of formula (VII) above, mention may be made in particular of:

[0131] pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-3,7-diamine;

[0132] 2,5-dimethylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidmine-3,

[0133] pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-3,5-diamine;

[0134] 2,7-dimethylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-3,5-diamine;

[0135] 3-aminopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-7-ol;

[0136] 3-aminopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-5-ol;

[0137] 2-(3-aminopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-7-ylamino)ethanol;

[0138] 2-(7-aminopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-3-ylamino)ethanol;

[0139] 2-[(3-aminopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-7-yl)-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)amino]ethanol;

[0140] 2-[(7-aminopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-3-yl)-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)amino]ethanol;

[0141] 5,6-dimethylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-3,7-diamine:

[0142] 2,6-dimethylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-3,7-diamine;

[0143] 2,5,N7,N7-tetramethylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-3,7-diamine; [0144] and the addition salts thereof and the tautomeric forms thereof, when a tautomeric equilibrium exists.

[0145] The pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidines of formula (VII) above can be prepared by cyclization starting with an aminopyrazole, according to the syntheses described in the following references:

[0146] EP 628559 Beiersdorf-Lilly.

[0147] R. Vishdu, H. Navedul, Indian J. Chem., 34b (6), 514, 1995.

[0148] N. S. Ibrahim, K. U. Sadek, F. A. Abdel-Al, Arch. Pharm., 320, 240, 1987.

[0149] R. H. Springer, M. B. Scholten, D. E. O'Brien, T. Novinson, J. P. Miller, R. K. Robins, J. Med. Chem., 25, 235, 1982.

[0150] T. Novinson, R. K. Robins, T. R. Matthews, J. Med. Chem., 20, 296, 1977.

[0151] U.S. Pat. No. 3,907,799 ICN Pharmaceuticals.

[0152] The pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidines of formula (VII) above can also be prepared by cyclization starting from hydrazine, according to the syntheses described in the following references:

[0153] A. McKillop and R. J. Kobilecki, Heterocycles, 6(9), 1355, 1977.

[0154] E. Alcade, J. De Mendoza, J. M. Marcia-Marquina, C. Almera, J. Elguero, J. Heterocyclic Chem., 11(3), 423, 1974.

[0155] K. Saito, I. Hori, M. Higarashi, H. Midorikawa, Bull. Chem. Soc. Japan, 47(2), 476, 1974

[0156] The oxidation base(s) in accordance with the invention preferably represent(s) from 0.0005 to 12% by weight approximately relative to the total weight of the ready-to-use dyc composition, and even more preferably from 0.005 to 6% by weight approximately relative to this weight.

[0157] The couplers which can be used are those used conventionally in oxidation dye compositions, i.e. metaphenylenediamines, meta-aminophenols and meta-diphenols, mono- or polyhydroxylated naphthalene derivatives, sesamol and its derivatives and heterocyclic compounds such as, for example, indole derivatives, indoline derivatives, benzimidazole derivatives, benzomorpholine derivatives, sesamol derivatives, pyrazoloazole derivatives, pyrroloazole derivatives, imidazoloazole derivatives, pyrazolopyrimidine derivatives, pyrazoline-3,5-dione derivatives, pyrazolo[3,2-d]oxazole derivatives, pyrazolo[3,4-d]thiazole derivatives, thiazoloazole S-oxide derivatives and thiazoloazole S,S-dioxide derivatives, and the addition salts thereof with an acid.

[0158] These couplers can be chosen in particular from 2-methyl-5-aminophenol, 5-N-(β-hydroxyethyl)amino-2-methylphenol, 3-aminophenol, 1,3-dihydroxyetnzene, 1,3-dihydroxy-2-methylbenzene, 4-chloro-1,3-dihydroxy-benzene, 2,4-diamino-1-(β-hydroxyethyloxy)benzene, 2-amino-4-(β-hydroxyethylamino)-1-methoxybenzene, 1,3-diaminobenzene, 1,3-bis(2,4-diaminophenoxy)propane, sesamol, (a-paphthol, 6-hydroxyindole, 4-hydroxyindole,

with an acid.

2,5-dimethyl-para-2,6-diethyl-para-phenylenediamine, N, N-dimethyl-para-phenylenediamine, phenylenediamine, N, N-diethyl-para-phenylenediamine, N, N-dipropyl-para-4-amino-N, N-diethyl-3-methylaniline, phenylenediamine, N, N-bis  $(\beta$ -hydroxyethyl) -para-phenylenediamine, 4-amino-5  $N, N-bis(\beta-hydroxyethyl)-2-methylaniline,$ 4-amino-2-2-β-hydroxychloro-N, N-bis  $(\beta$ -hydroxyethyl) aniline, ethyl-para-phenylenediamine, 2-fluoro-para-phenylene-2-isopropyl-para-phenylenediamine, diamine, N-(β-hydroxypropyl)-para-phenylenediamine, 2-hydroxy-10 N, N-dimethyl-3-methylmethyl-para-phenylenediamine, para-phenylenediamine, N,N-(ethyl-β-hydroxyethyl)-para- $N-(\beta,\gamma-dihydroxypropyl)$ -paraphenylenediamine, N-(4'-aminophenyl)-para-phenylenephenylenediamine, N-phenyl-para-phenylenediamine,  $2-\beta$ -hydroxy-15 diamine, 2-β-acetylaminoethyloxy-para-phenylenediamine,

the para-phenylenediamines of 20 Among para-phenylenediamine, para-toluylene-(IV) above, 2-isopropyl-para-phenylenediamine, diamine, hydroxyethyl-para-phenylenediamine, 2-β-hydroxyethyloxy-para-phenylenediamine, 2,6-dimethyl-para-25 2,6-diethyl-para-phenylenediamine, phenylenediamine, 2,3-dimethyl-para-phenylenediamine,  $N, N-bis(\beta-hydroxy$ ethyl)-para-phenylenediamine, 2-chloro-para-phenylenediamine and 2-β-acetylaminoethyloxy-para-phenylenediamine and the addition salts thereof with an acid are 30 most particularly preferred.

ethyloxy-para-phenylenediamine and N-( $\beta$ -methoxyethyl)para-phenylenediamine, and the addition salts thereof

According to the invention, the term bases understood to refer to the containing at least two aromatic rings bearing amino and/or hydroxyl groups.

- the sum p + q is other than 0;
- when p + q is equal to 2, then n is equal to 0 and the groups  $NR_{15}R_{16}$  and  $NR_{17}R_{18}$  occupy the (2,3); (5,6); (6,7); (3,5) or (3,7) positions;
- when p + q is equal to 1, then n is equal to 1 and 5 the group  $NR_{15}R_{16}$  (or  $NR_{17}R_{18}$ ) and the OH group occupy the (2,3); (5,6); (6,7); (3,5) or (3,7) positions.

When the pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidines of formula (VII) above are such that they contain a hydroxyl group on one of the positions 2, 5 or 7  $\alpha$  to a nitrogen atom, 10 exists represented, tautomeric equilibrium example, by the following scheme:

Among the pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidines of formula 15

- (VII) above, mention may be made in particular of:
  - pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-3,7-diamine;
  - 2,5-dimethylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-3,7-diamine;
  - pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-3,5-diamine;
  - 2,7-dimethylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-3,5-diamine;
- 20 - 3-aminopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-7-ol;
  - 3-aminopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-5-ol;
  - 2-(3-aminopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-7-ylamino)ethanol;
  - 2-(7-aminopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-3-ylamino)ethanol;
  - 2-[(3-aminopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-7-yl)-(2-hydroxy-
- 25 ethyl) amino] ethanol;
  - 2-[(7-aminopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-3-yl)-(2-hydroxyethyl) amino] ethanol;
  - 5,6-dimethylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-3,7-diamine;
  - 2,6-dimethylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-3,7-diamine;
- 2,5,N7,N7-tetramethylpyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-3,7-30 diamine;

and the addition salts thereof and the tautomeric forms

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polyhydroxylated naphthalene diphenols, monoor derivatives and its derivatives, sesamol for example, indole heterocyclic compounds such as, derivatives, benzimidazole indoline derivatives, derivatives, derivatives, benzomorpholine sesamol 5 pyrazoloazole derivatives, pyrroloazole derivatives, imidazoloazole derivatives, pyrazoloderivatives. pyrazoline-3,5-dione pyrimidine derivatives, pyrrolo[3,2-d]oxazole derivatives, derivatives, pyrazolo[3,4-d]thiazole derivatives, thiazoloazole 10 derivatives and thiazoloazole S,S-dioxide S-oxide derivatives, and the addition salts thereof with an acid.

These couplers can be chosen in particular from 2-methyl-5-aminophenol, 5-N-(β-hydroxyethyl)amino-2-15 methylphenol, 3-aminophenol, 1,3-dihydroxybenzene, 1,3-4-chloro-1,3-dihydroxydihydroxy-2-methylbenzene, 2,4-diamino-1-( $\beta$ -hydroxyethyloxy) benzene, benzene, 2-amino-4-(β-hydroxyethylamino)-1-methoxybenzene, 20 1,3-bis(2,4-diaminophenoxy)propane, diaminobenzene, sesamol,  $\alpha$ -naphthol, 6-hydroxyindole, 4-hydroxyindole, 4-hydroxy-N-methylindole, 6-hydroxyindoline, dihydroxy-4-methylpyridine, 1H-3-methylpyrazol-5-one and 1-phenyl-3-methylpyrazol-5-one, and the addition 25 salts thereof with an acid.

When they are present, these couplers preferably represent from 0.0001 to 10% by weight approximately relative to the total weight of the ready-to-use dye composition, and even more preferably from 0.005 to 5% by weight approximately relative to this weight.

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In general, the addition salts with an acid which can be used in the context of the dye compositions of invention the (oxidation bases and couplers) are chosen in particular from the hydrochlorides, hydrobromides, sulphates, tartrates,